

Gerunds:

1. Complete the sentences using the gerund form of the verb:

- He enjoys **(swim)** in the ocean.
- I'm looking forward to **(meet)** you at the event.
- She avoided **(speak)** to him after the argument.
- They admitted **(make)** a mistake.
- **(Travel)** abroad can be very exciting.

2. Choose the correct option (gerund or infinitive):

- He's really good at **(cook / cooking)**.
- We need to practice **(speak / speaking)** English more often.
- I can't stand **(wait / waiting)** in long lines.
- She insisted on **(come / coming)** with us.
- They were accused of **(cheat / cheating)** during the exam.

3. Identify the function of the gerund (subject, object, or after a preposition):

- **Reading** is one of my favorite hobbies.

(Gerund as a _____.)

- He's interested in **learning** French.

(Gerund after a _____.)

- They enjoy **going** to the movies every weekend.

(Gerund as a _____.)

- She apologized for **being** late to the meeting.

(Gerund after a ____.)

- **Smoking** is not allowed in this area.

(Gerund as a ____.)

4. Error correction (correct the sentences if necessary):

- He suggested to go to the park.
- I can't imagine to live without music.
- She denied having stolen the money.
- They are thinking about moving to another city.
- He stopped to smoke after the health scare.

5. Transform the sentences using gerunds:

- To solve this puzzle is difficult.

→ _____

- She likes to paint landscapes.

→ _____

- It is hard to believe his story.

→ _____

- They hate to wake up early.

→ _____

- To travel by plane can be stressful.

→ _____

Questions and answers**1. Complete the sentences using the gerund form of the verb:**

- He enjoys **swimming** in the ocean.
- I'm looking forward to **meeting** you at the event.
- She avoided **speaking** to him after the argument.
- They admitted **making** a mistake.
- **Traveling** abroad can be very exciting.

2. Choose the correct option (gerund or infinitive):

- He's really good at **cooking**.
- We need to practice **speaking** English more often.
- I can't stand **waiting** in long lines.
- She insisted on **coming** with us.
- They were accused of **cheating** during the exam.

3. Identify the function of the gerund (subject, object, or after a preposition):

- **Reading** is one of my favorite hobbies.

(Gerund as a subject.)

- He's interested in **learning** French.

(Gerund after a preposition.)

- They enjoy **going** to the movies every weekend.

(Gerund as an object.)

- She apologized for **being** late to the meeting.

(Gerund after a preposition.)

- **Smoking** is not allowed in this area.

(Gerund as a subject.)

4. Error correction (correct the sentences if necessary):

- He suggested **going** to the park. (Correction: change "to go" to "going.")
- I can't imagine **living** without music. (Correction: change "to live" to "living.")
- She denied **stealing** the money. (Correction: change "having stolen" to "stealing.")
- They are thinking about **moving** to another city. (No correction needed.)
- He stopped **smoking** after the health scare. (Correction: change "to smoke" to "smoking.")

5. Transform the sentences using gerunds:

- To solve this puzzle is difficult.
→ *Solving this puzzle is difficult.*
- She likes to paint landscapes.
→ *She likes painting landscapes.*

- It is hard to believe his story.
→ *It is hard believing his story.*
- They hate to wake up early.
→ *They hate waking up early.*
- To travel by plane can be stressful.
→ *Traveling by plane can be stressful.*